

# Digital Solution to support and to self-monitor YOUR Sustainable Development

LCS Life Cycle Simulation GmbH

## **LIFE CYCLE MODELS METHODOLOGY AND EXAMPLES**

2021 Status short overview

# Life Cycle Models

## Holistic approach for customized software tools

Perspective 7: Product and/or Life Cycle Costing (cost efficiency)

Perspective 6: Personal (qualification; demand)

Perspective 5: Life Cycle Assessment (Resource eff., ISO 14040)

Perspective 4: Material flows (material efficiency)

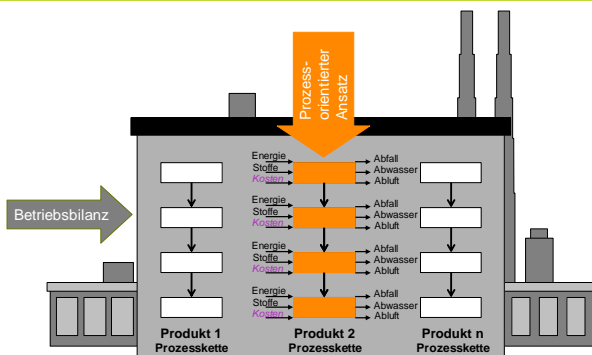
Perspective 3: Energy flows (energy efficiency, ISO 50001)

Perspective 2: Technical evolution status

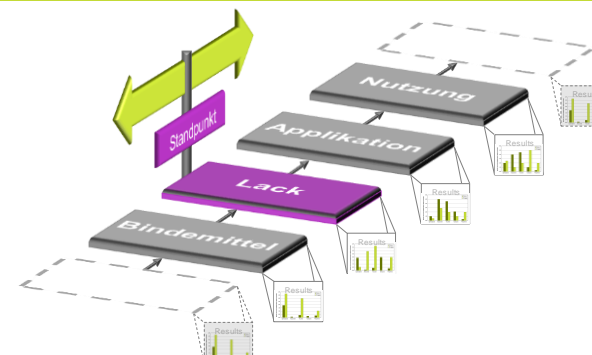
Perspective 1: Technical key performance indicators

Implementation Production

Implementation Life Cycle



Optimization and technology evaluation



Optimization and Added Values



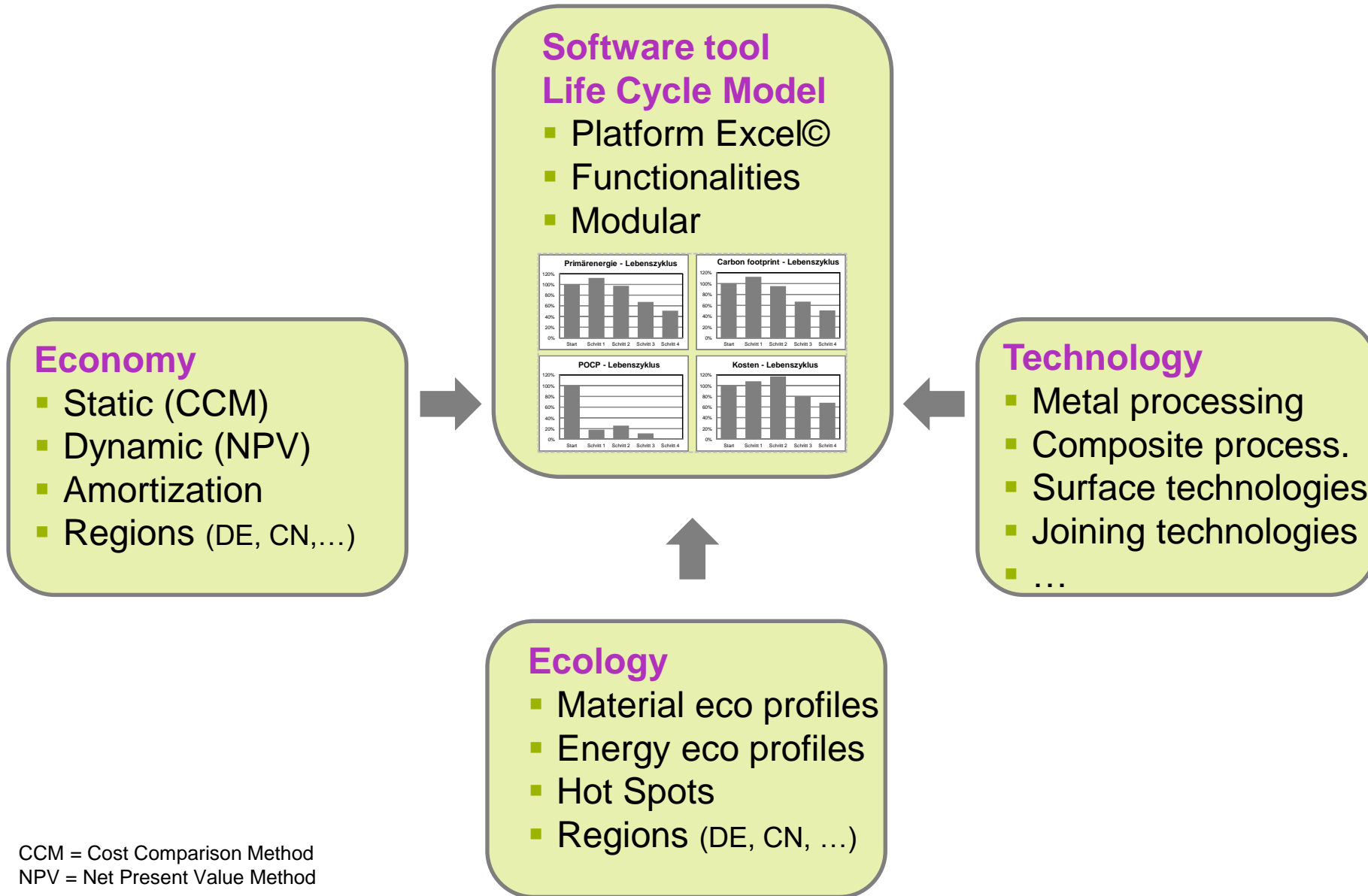
# Example for implementation

## Life Cycle Models

- \* Customized software tool
- \* Technology characteristics
  - \* Profitability analysis
  - \* Life Cycle Assessment

# Life Cycle Models

## Modular principle



CCM = Cost Comparison Method  
 NPV = Net Present Value Method

# Life Cycle Models

## Definitions – example surface technologies

### Goal:

- **Life cycle potential analysis (economy and ecology)** of car body **coating concepts**
- Build-up of **flexible Life Cycle Model** to show strengths, weak points and potentials

### Functional unit:

- **One OK coated car body** (investigation of a complete production year and conversion to one body)

### Comparability:

- The investigated coating concepts fulfill the same technical requirements and therefore these can be compared.

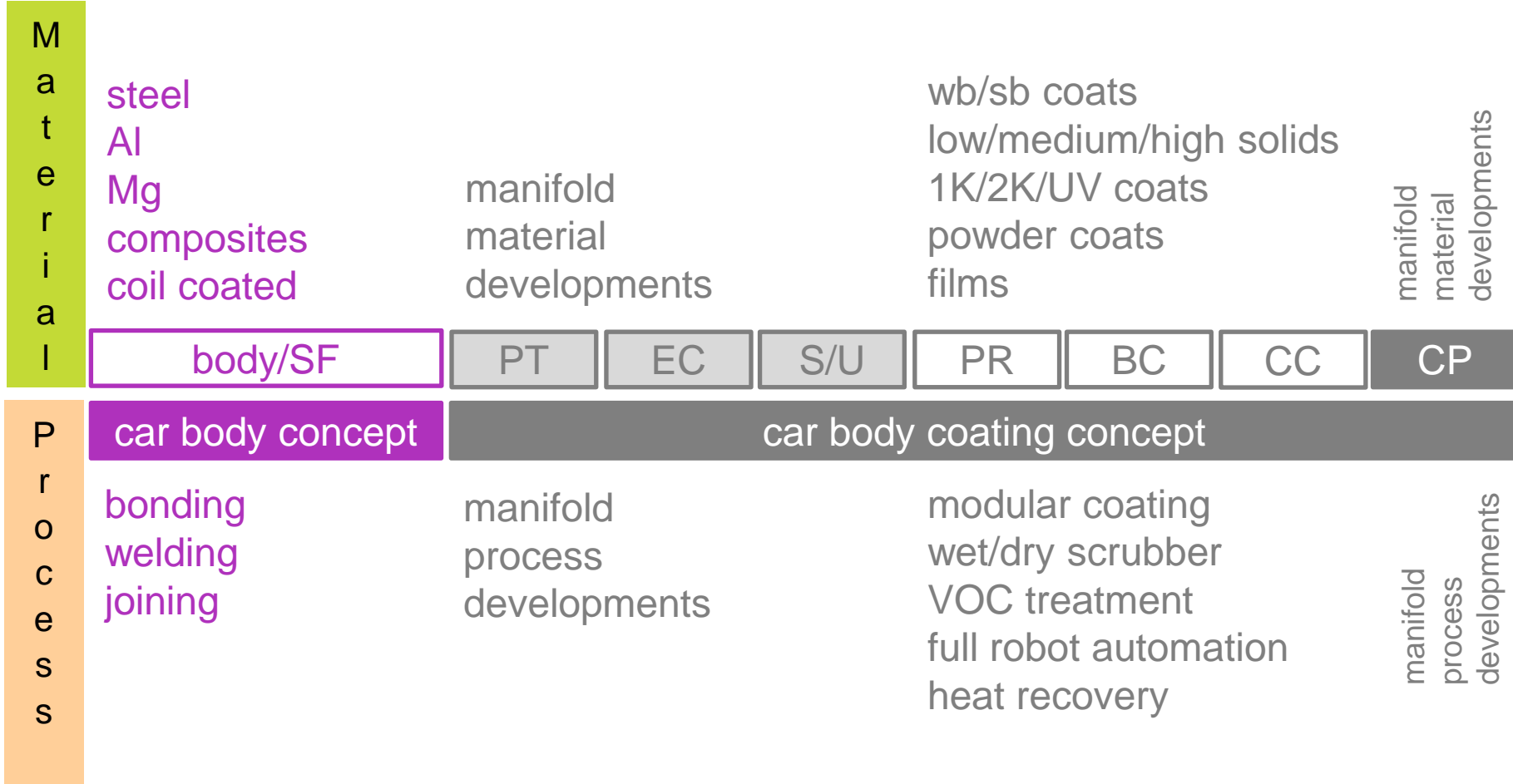
# Life Cycle Models

Definition of scope - **example surface technologies**

- Product definition: **car, van, truck, bus, etc.**
- Product characteristics: **materials (steel, aluminum, composites), weight, surface area, etc.**
- Yearly production: **units/a, operation time, etc.**
- Production site: **country, climate, energy supply, prices, etc.**
- Production technology: **process steps, automatization (robots, manual), periphery (building), etc.**
- Repair concepts: **multiple runs, repair boxes, etc.**
- Logistic concept
- Alternative technologies (processes, materials)
- ...

# Life Cycle Models

## Coating concepts – simplified overview of alternative materials and processes

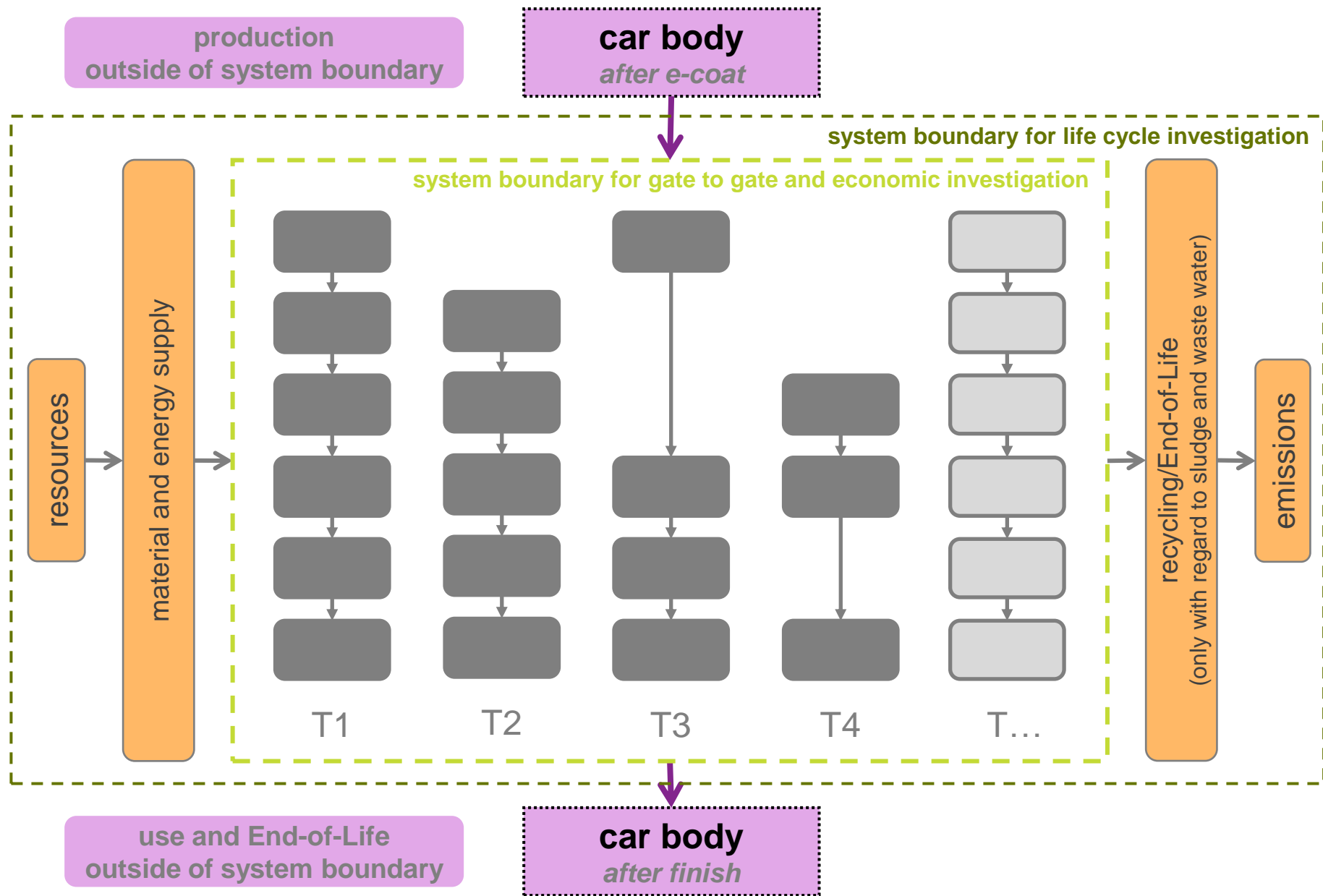


SF: space frame, PT: pretreatment, EC: e-coat, S: seam sealing, U: under body protection, PR: primer, BC: base coat, CC: clear coat, CP: cavity protection

**Quality level and design aspects are important!**

# Life Cycle Models

## Definition of system boundaries - example surface technologies



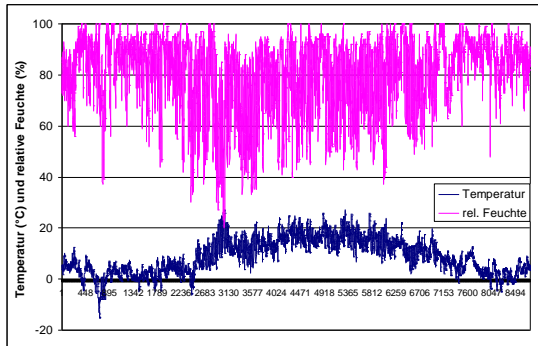


# General methodical approach

## Modeling, Simulation and Calibration

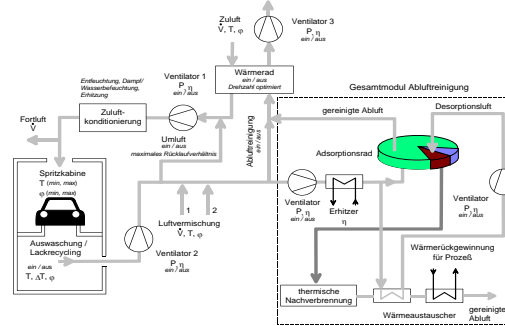
**Model**  
- Input

Hourly climatic data  
of location (e.g. DWD)



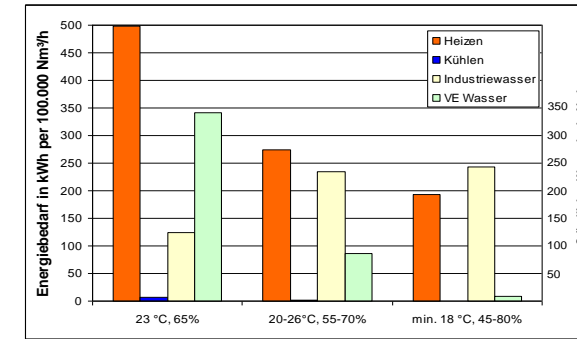
**Model**  
- Processes  
- Parameterization

Air conditioning of  
the spray booth

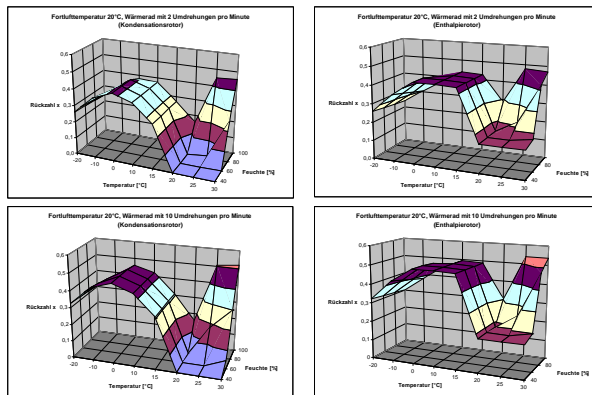


**Model**  
- Results  
- Calibration

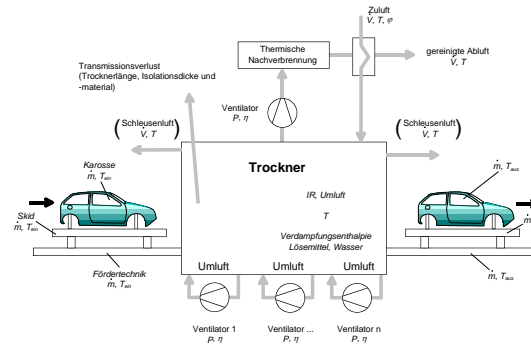
Energy demand of the  
climate windows



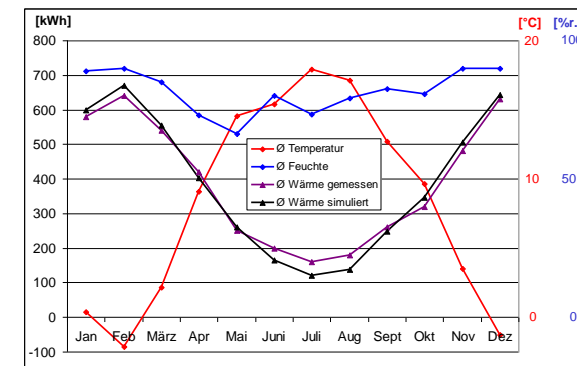
Characteristics of technologies  
e.g. rotating air-to-air heat exchanger



Heat demand of oven



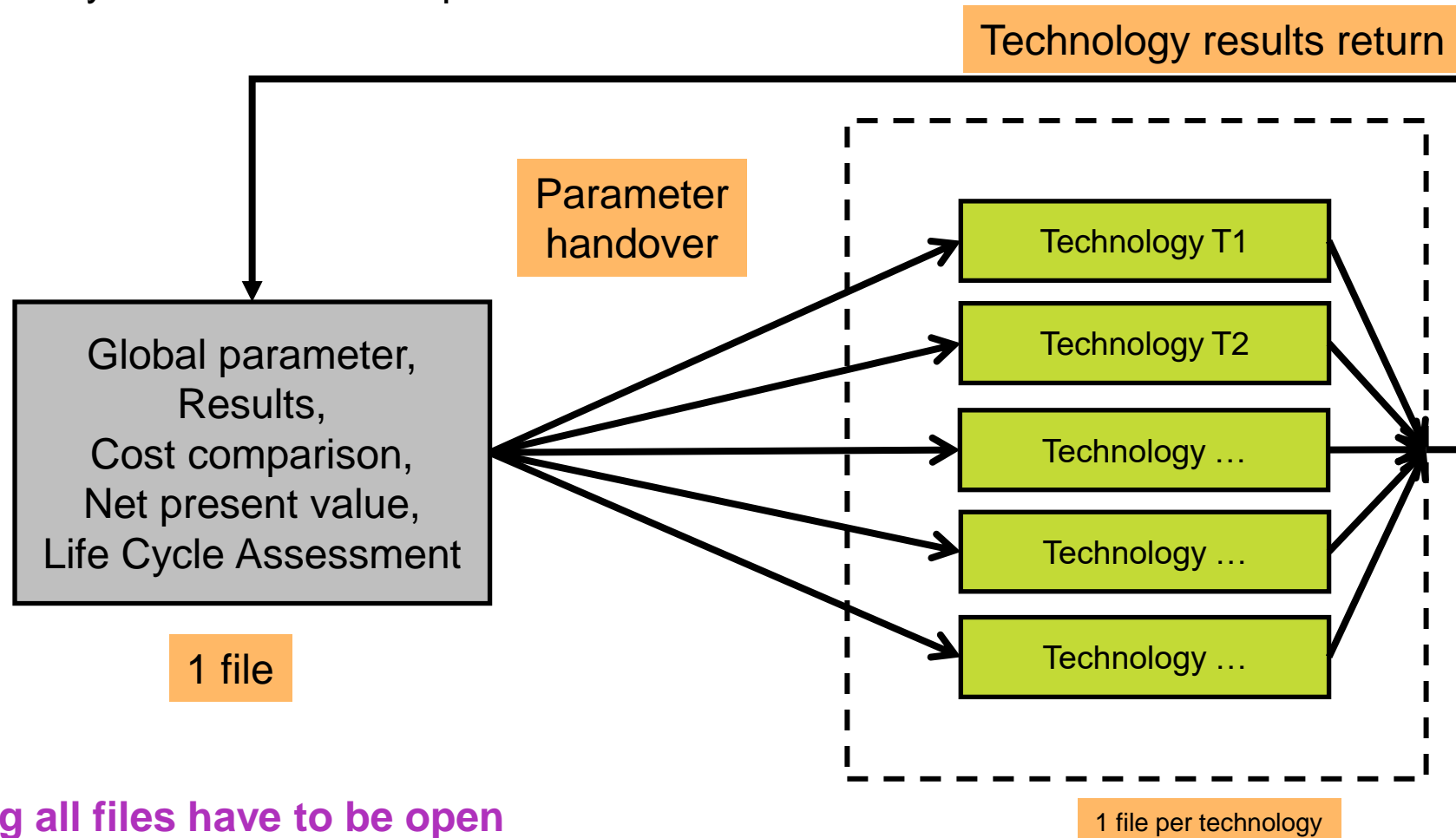
calibration with measured data



# General methodical approach

## Overview of the provided model and Excel files and their connection

- Excel-Model for the quantitative analysis of resource and energy flows as well as costs
- Same boundary conditions for all technologies (Country settings, production)
- Sensitivity analysis for all relevant parameters



- For editing all files have to be open

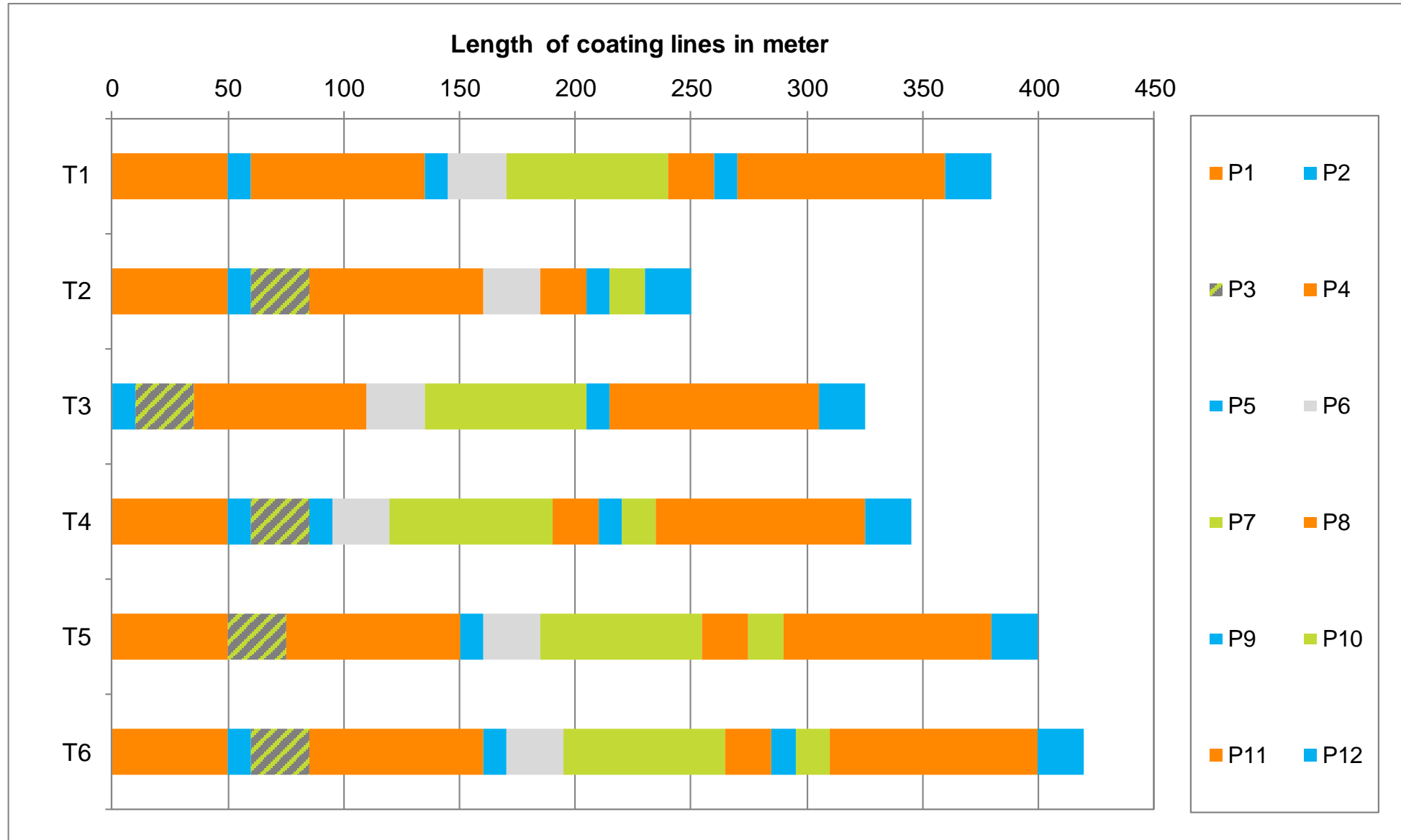
1 file per technology

# Technical results

- Energy demand
- Material demand
- Process parameter

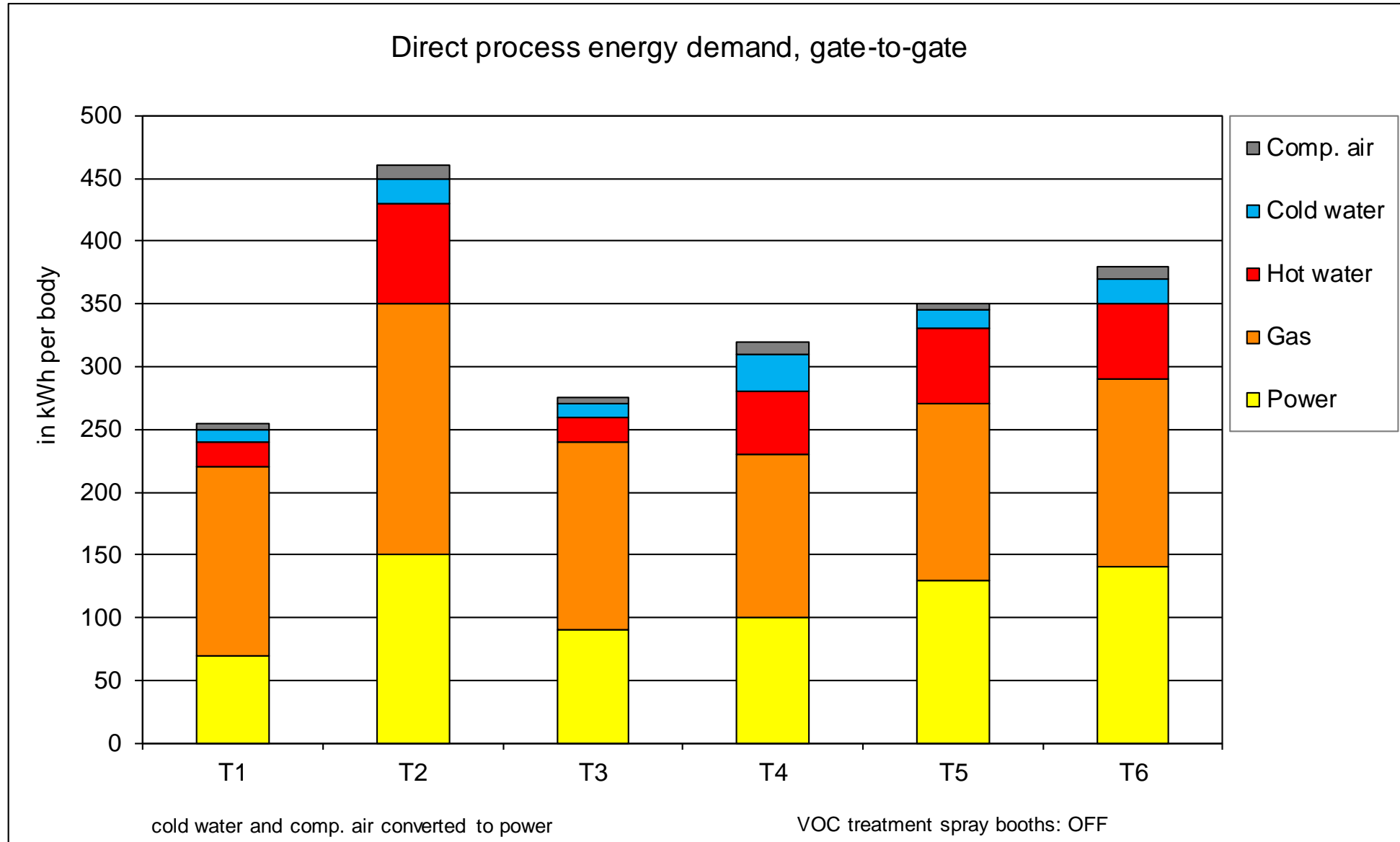
# Life Cycle Models

Technical results – lengths of coating lines (only example)



# Life Cycle Models

Technical results – energy demand of coating lines (only example)

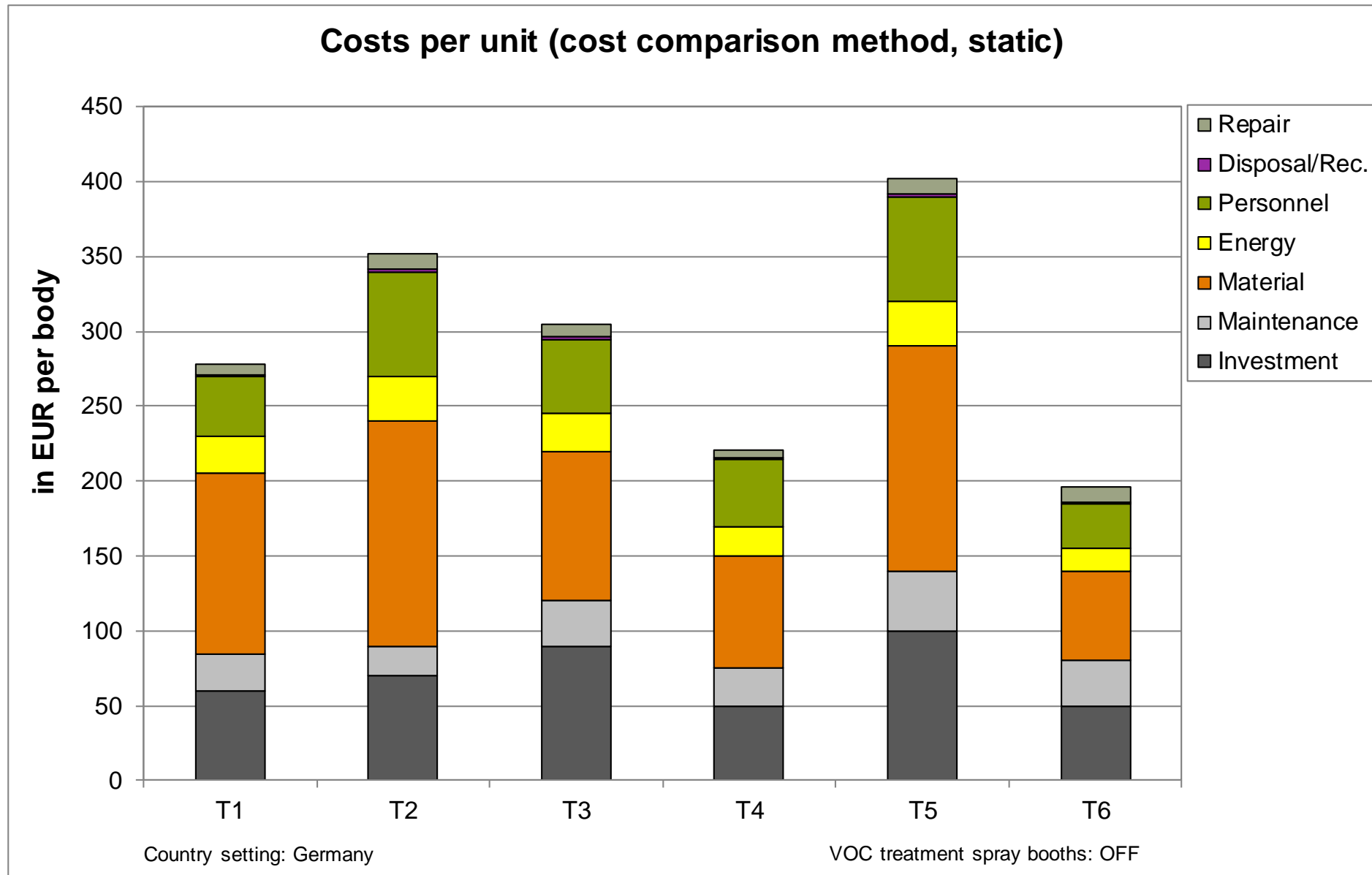


# Economic results

- Cost comparison method
- Net present value method

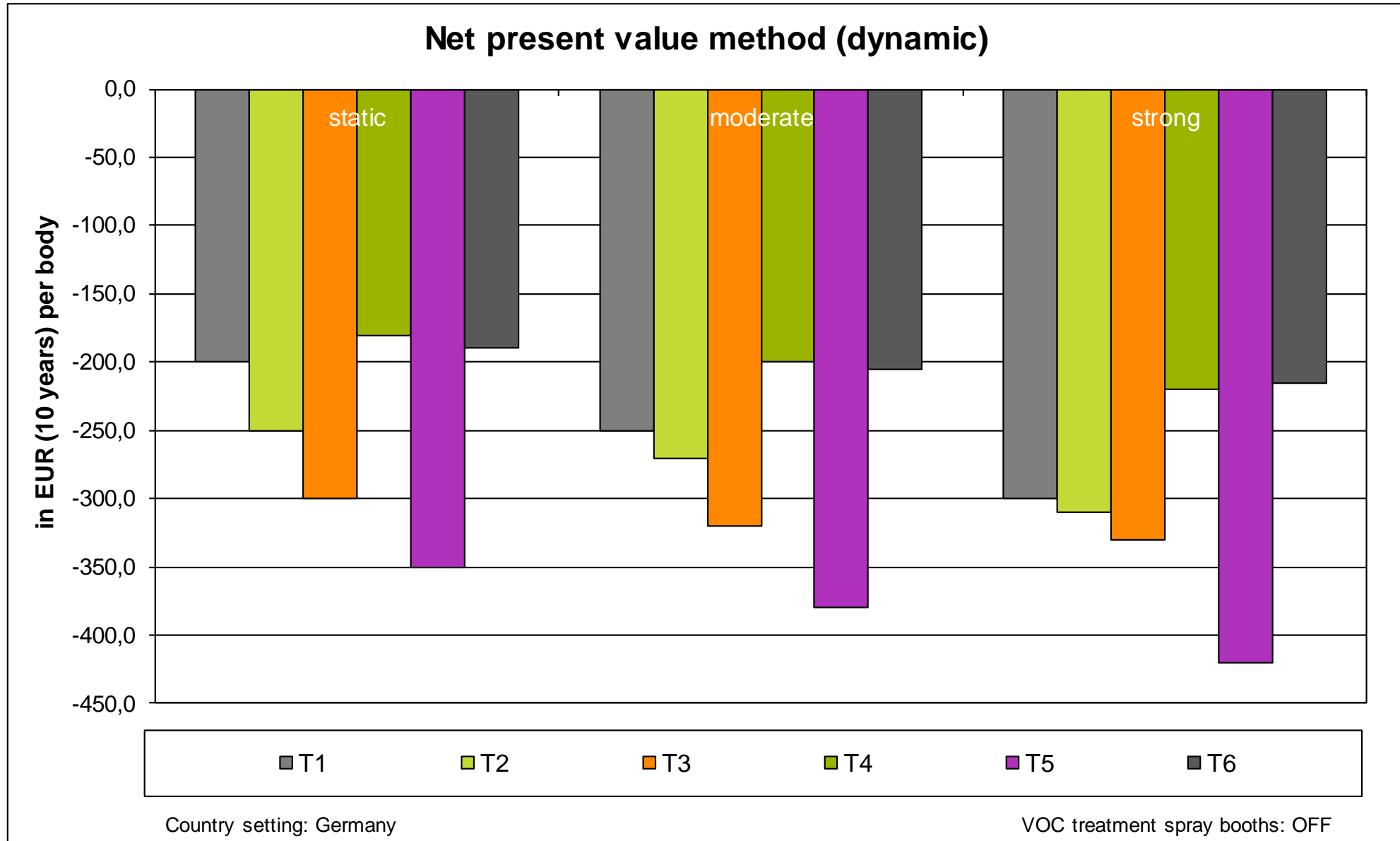
# Life Cycle Models

Economic results – (only example)



# Life Cycle Models

Economic results – (only example)



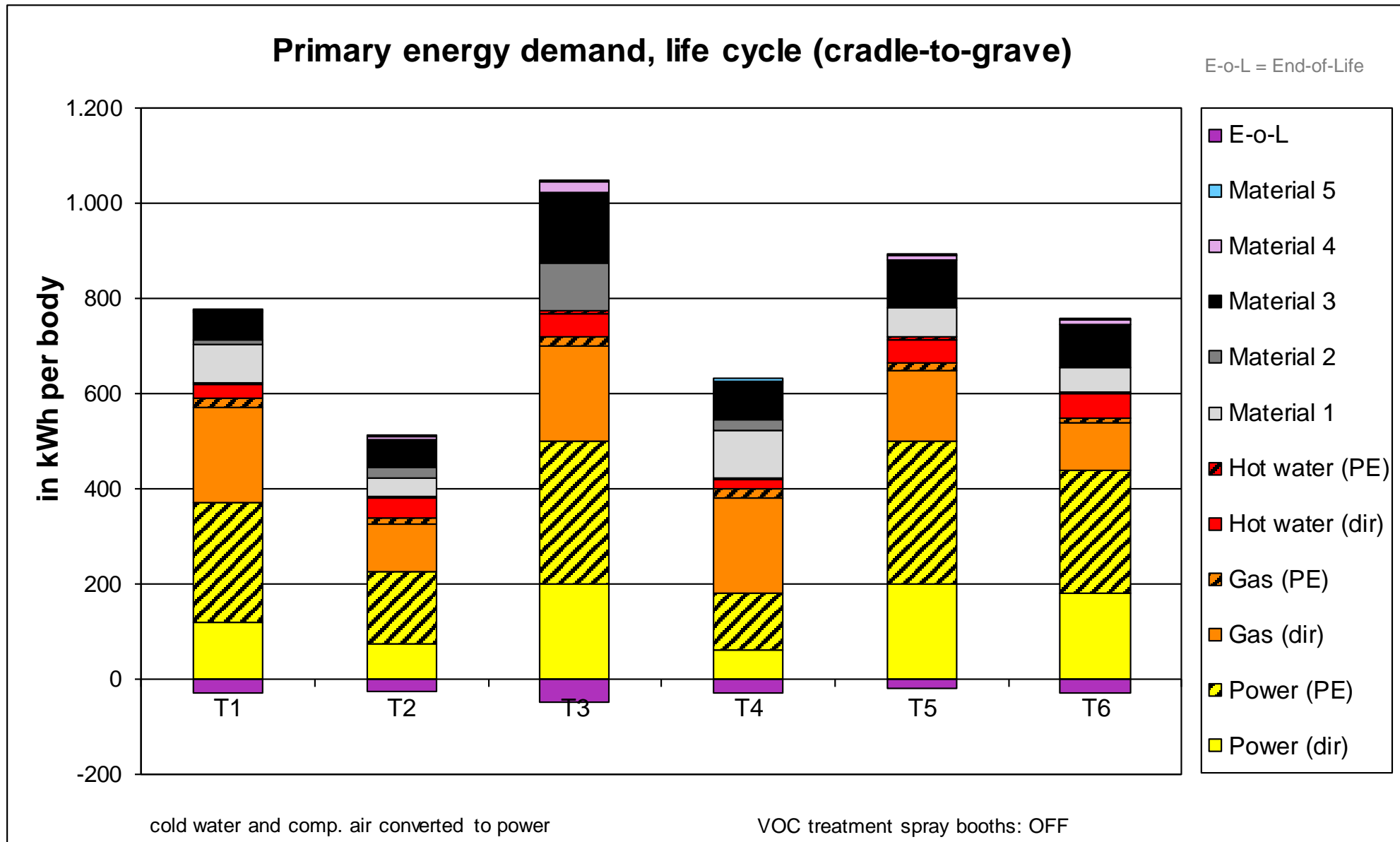


# Ecological results (LCA)

- Inventory level
  - Impact level
- Normalization
- Visualization

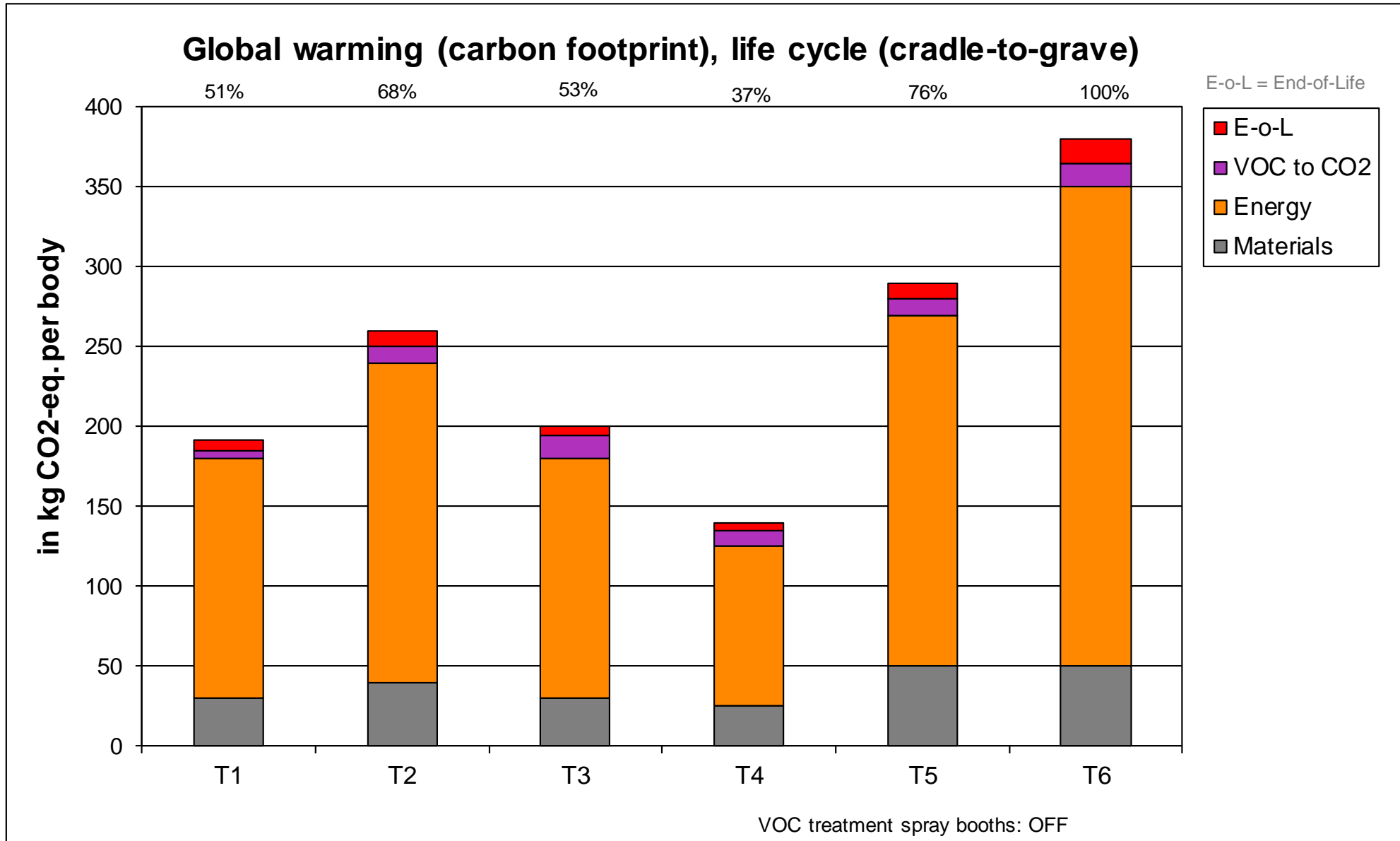
# Life Cycle Models

Ecological results – Inventory level (only example)



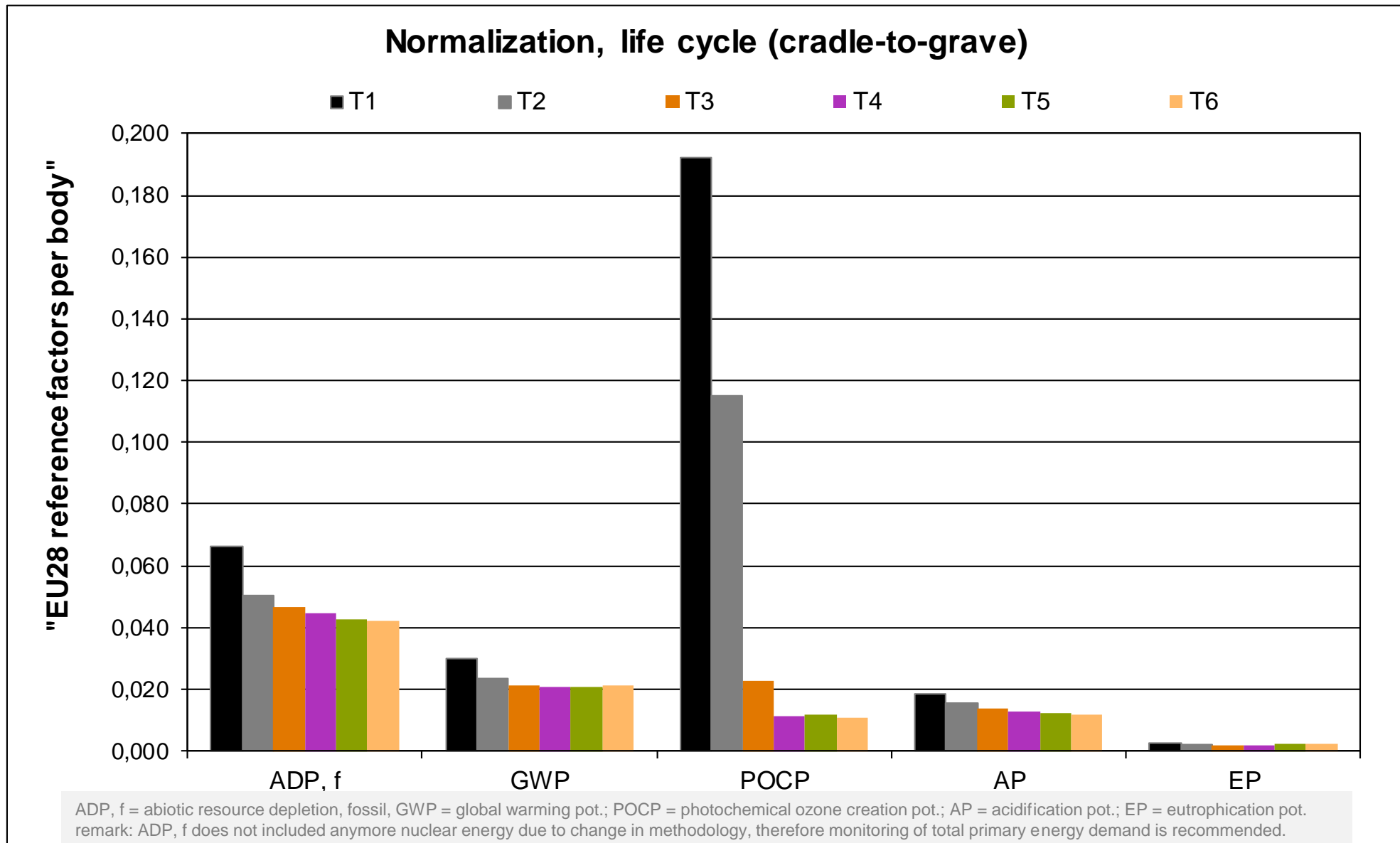
# Life Cycle Models

Ecological results – Impact level (only example)



# Life Cycle Models

## Ecological results – Normalization (only example)



# Life Cycle Models

Ecological results – Visualization (only example)

**Boundary conditions:** 20 Mio. car bodies (approx. yearly EU production),  
15% renewable energy included



≈ 2,5 Mio. tons crude oil equivalents per year

≈ 45 oil tanker á 56.000 tons net load per year



≈ 6,2 Mio. tons CO<sub>2</sub> equivalents per year

20 Mio. cars drive ≈ 2.600 km at 120g CO<sub>2</sub> per km



≈ 39.000 tons VOCs into exhaust air

≈ 1.500 trucks á 26 tons net load

## LCS Life Cycle Simulation GmbH

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*- Gold Standard -*